

Stima della resistenza alla compressione del calcestruzzo con il metodo SONREB

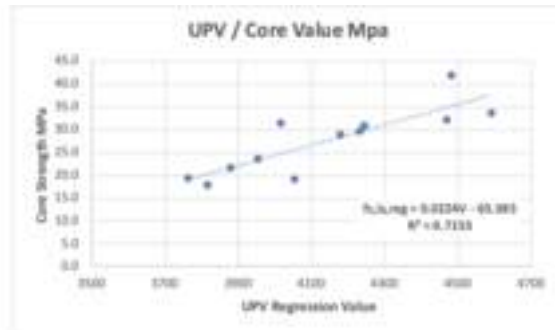
Test Location	Rebound value	Core Value Mpa	Regression value $f_{c,reg}$
TL 1	38.9	29.6	32.8
TL 5	33.6	23.7	23.8
TL 6	36.5	32.1	28.7
TL 7	34.4	29	25.2
TL 12	38.8	31.5	32.6
TL 13	38.3	31	31.7
TL 16	37.7	33.7	30.7
TL 22	31.4	18	20.1
TL 34	43.8	42	41.0
TL 36	31.3	21.7	19.9
TL 42	34.1	19.4	24.7
TL 43	30.9	19.1	19.3



86% Coefficient of determination

Coefficient data from the rebound hammer alone

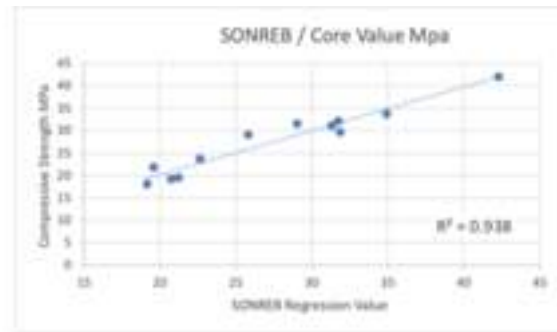
Test Location	UPV	Core Value Mpa	Regression value $f_{c,reg}$
TL 1	4231	29.6	29.4
TL 5	3955	23.7	23.2
TL 6	4470	32.1	34.7
TL 7	4180	29	28.2
TL 12	4016	31.5	24.6
TL 13	4246	31	29.7
TL 16	4591	33.7	37.5
TL 22	3817	18	20.1
TL 34	4482	42	35.0
TL 36	3880	21.7	21.5
TL 42	3762	19.4	18.9
TL 43	4055	19.1	25.4



72% Coefficient of determination

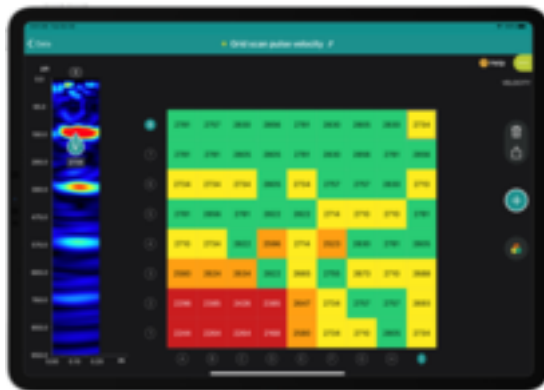
Coefficient data from UPV alone

Test location	UPV Value	Rebound value	Regression value % _{h,reg}	Core Value Mpa
T1.1	4211	38.9	31.86605889	29.4
T1.2	3953	33.4	22.40217708	23.7
T1.4	4470	36.6	31.73064728	32.1
T1.7	4180	34.4	25.79129481	29
T1.12	4014	38.8	29.01613121	31.5
T1.13	4240	39.3	31.20688765	31
T1.14	4391	37.7	34.93196233	35.7
T1.17	3817	31.4	19.13014803	28
T1.18	4082	41.8	42.23329808	42
T1.20	3880	31.3	18.58972184	25.7
T1.42	1762	34.1	21.2380558	19.4
T1.43	4035	30.9	20.72683444	28.1



94% Coefficient of determination

Coefficient data from the rebound hammer + UPV



Pulse velocity measurements recorded in a grid to see variations

S-wave Velocity	Corresponding P-wave Velocity	Concrete Quality Classification
> 2'800 m/s	> 4'500 m/s	Excellent
2'100 - 2'800 m/s	3'500 - 4'500 m/s	Good
1'700 - 2'100 m/s	3'000 - 3'500 m/s	Medium
< 1'700 m/s	< 3'000 m/s	Doubtful

Simple concrete quality classification based on pulse velocity



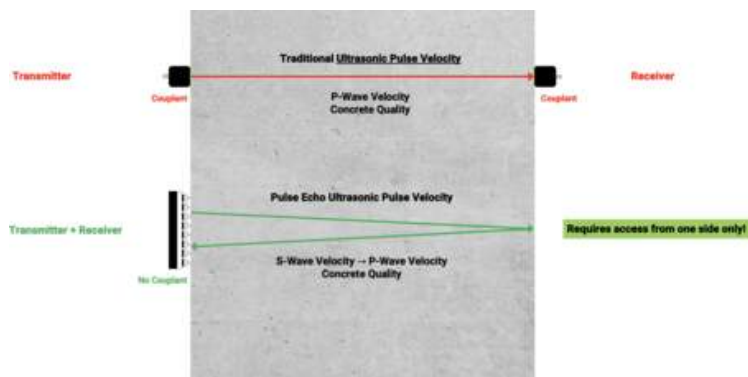


TABLE 1: Raw Data for the Sonreb Method

	Compressive Strength f _{ck} (MPa or PSI)	Pundit 200 /Lab+ Ultrasonic Pulse Velocity (V) (m/s or ft/s)	Silver-Original Schmidt Rebound-Values (S)
Sample 1	29.6	4231	38.9
Sample 2	23.7	3955	33.6
Sample 3	32.1	4470	36.5
Sample 4	29	4180	34.4
Sample 5	31.5	4016	38.8
Sample 6	31	4246	38.3
Sample 7	33.7	4591	37.7
Sample 8	18	3817	31.4
Sample 9	42	4482	43.8
Sample 10	21.7	3880	31.3
Sample 11	19.4	3762	34.1
Sample 12	19.1	4055	30.9
Sample 13			
Sample 14			
Sample 15			
Sample 16			
Sample 17			
Sample 18			
Sample 19			
Sample 20			

Constant a	6.33034E-08
Constant b	1.719667885
Constant c	1.550755756
R-Square Value	0.92545377

Step 1: Select up to twenty (20) test points from different areas that you want to include in the Sonreb calculation. (minimum of five (5) test points required, may also be used on standard cubes or cylinders)

Step 2: Obtain pulse velocities and rebound values at these points

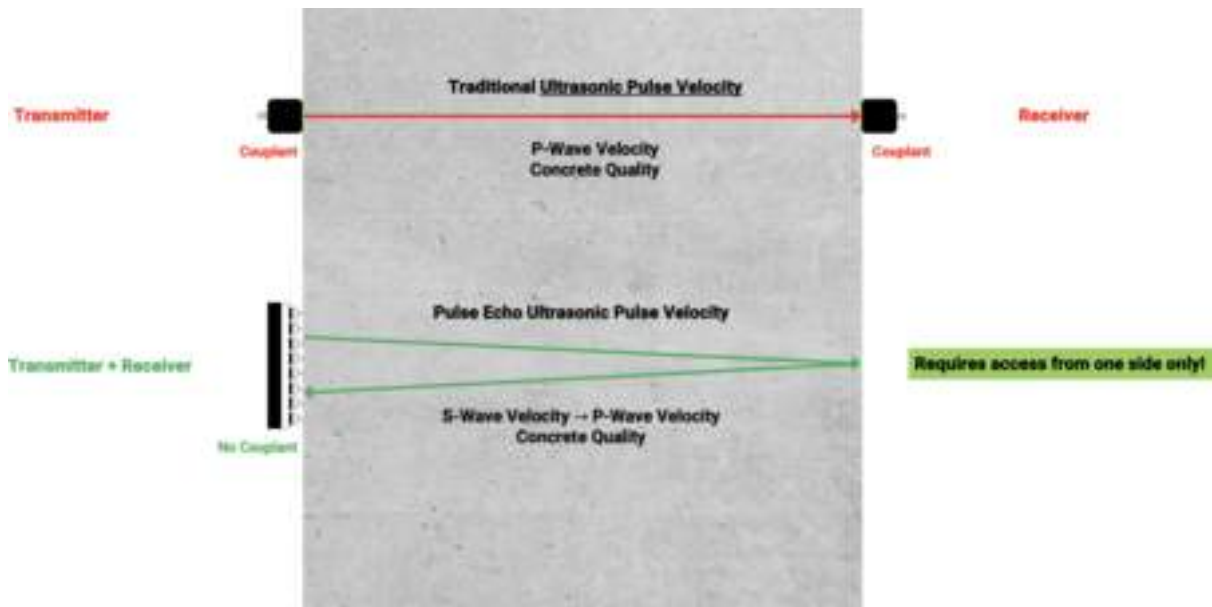
Step 3: Extract concrete core samples from the selected test areas. The concrete cores should not have any reinforcing bars within the core.

Step 4: Perform compressive strength test method on the cores under similar field conditions.

Step 5: Input the obtained Compressive Strength, Pundit Lab Ultrasonic Pulse Velocities and the rebound values into Table 1. Input at least five rows of data.

Step 6: Once the input data is complete, press control - q (CTRL-q) to obtain constants a, b, c and the R-Square value.

Step 7: Once you have the constants, you can create the correlation curve using the Proceq Link software and download it to your Pundit 200 or Pundit Lab+. Alternatively use Sheet "Obtain Comp. Strength", where you have to manually input the pulse velocity reading (V) and the reading from the SilverSchmidt (Q) (or Original Schmidt - R Value) to obtain the compressive strength at that test point.



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